

# THE GLOBE-REPUBLICAN.

The FORD CO. GLOBE, Established 1877.  
The FORD CO. REPUBLICAN, " 1886. Consolidated, 1889.

DODGE CITY, KANSAS, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1889.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. VOL. XIII, NO. 9

Small Profits and Quick Sales,  
and One Price to all, is the Mot-  
to of our Business. . . . .

THE  
"BEE HIVE"

SENDS  
CHRISTMAS  
GREETINGS

To its thousands of friends and  
customers, and specially invites  
them to visit us during the  
next two weeks and inspect  
our mammoth display of

HOLIDAY GOODS.

Never were goods so pretty;  
never were they so novel, and  
never were they so remarkably

low in price as they are this  
season. We have presents suit-  
able for every condition in life,

whether Prince or peasant,—  
something that would gladden

the hearts of anyone. For what  
would Christmas be without

giving a present to your nearest  
and best friends. It is impossi-  
ble in this small space to enum-  
erate one-fifth of the thousand

and one things we have on sale.  
So we say be sure and come.

Respectfully,  
Strange & Summersby.

## CHURCH DIRECTORY.

**METHODIST EPISCOPAL.**  
Rev. W. H. Rose, pastor, at new M. E. church  
every Sunday, at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sun-  
day School at 9:45 a. m. Prayer meet-  
ing on Thursday evening and young folks  
prayer meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30.

**PRESBYTERIAN.**  
Rev. J. M. Wright, pastor. Services every  
Sunday 11 o'clock and 7:30. Sunday school  
9 o'clock. Prayer meeting Tuesday evening.

**PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.**  
Services every Sunday at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30  
p. m. Ladies' Guild meets every Thursday.  
Mrs. J. H. Finlay, Pres. of Guild.  
J. J. SUMMERSBY, Lay Reader.

**CATHOLIC.**  
Regular services at the church on the first  
and third Sunday each month, at 8:00 and  
10:30 a. m.  
C. L. KRAUF, Rector.

## SECRET SOCIETIES.

**A. F. & A. M.**  
Regular Communication of St. Ber-  
nard's Lodge No. 222 meets second  
and fourth Fridays of every month,  
at 7 p. m., in Masonic Hall, Dodge City, Kan-  
sas. All members in good standing are cor-  
dially invited to attend.  
C. W. WILLETT, W. M.  
J. C. BAIRD, Sec'y.

**K. of P.**  
Meets every Tuesday evening in  
A. O. U. W. Hall, Dodge City, Kansas.  
All regular members are cordially in-  
vited to attend. L. A. LAUBER, C. C.  
W. N. HARPER, K. of R. & S.

**HALL OF CORONA LODGE.**  
I. O. O. F., No. 137.  
Lodge meets every Wednesday  
evening in new lodge room of  
I. O. O. F. All members of the order in  
good standing invited to attend.  
ROBT. BECHANAN, N. G.  
CHAS. LEESON, Secretary.

**A. O. U. W.**  
Protection Lodge No. 172, meets every Mon-  
day night at 8 o'clock, Masonic Hall, Dodge  
City, Kansas. Visiting brothers are cordially  
invited to meet with us when in the city.  
FRANK AKINS, W. M.  
C. E. HUDSON, Recorder.

**LEWIS POST, 294, G. A. R.**  
Meets at I. O. O. F. Hall, Dodge City, Kansas,  
on the first and third Tuesdays in each  
month. Members are earnestly requested  
to attend. Visiting comrades cordially in-  
vited.  
D. L. SWENNEY, Commander.  
J. F. COBB, Adj.

**S. K. OF A. O. U. W., Dodge City.**  
Legion No. 33 meets at Masonic Hall the  
first and third Thursdays of each month at  
7:00 p. m. Comrades meeting in the city  
are cordially invited to meet with us. W. E.  
OAKLEY, N. G. FRANK AKINS, Recorder.

## LOOK HERE

Farmers, in order to save  
trouble and expense in the  
spring, keep your stock in  
good fix during winter; the  
tonic properties of Peter  
Harding's Condition Pow-  
ders will keep stock strong  
and healthy for spring work.  
They are prepared and sold  
at E. R. Garland's Drug  
Store for 25c per pound  
package.

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Garden City, Kas.,  
November 11th, 1889.  
Notice is hereby given that the follow-  
ing named settler, who made Homestead Entry  
No. 1075, has filed notice of his intention  
to make final proof in support of his claim, and  
that said proof will be made before the Prob-  
ate Judge of Ford County, Kansas, at his  
office in Dodge City, Kansas, on December  
31st, 1889, viz:  
Carl Gustafson, of Dodge City, Kansas, for the  
southeast quarter section No. 14, township No.  
27 south, range No. 26 west, Ford County, Kan-  
sas; final homestead. He names the following  
witnesses to prove his continuous resi-  
dence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:  
O. M. McDonald, Alexander Alter, J. Mayrath  
and H. Belmer, all of Dodge City, Kansas.  
C. F. MILES, Register.  
(First Publication November 20th, 1889.)

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Garden City, Kas.,  
December 7, 1889.  
Notice is hereby given that the follow-  
ing named settler, who made Homestead Entry  
No. 1250, has filed notice of his intention  
to make final proof in support of his claim,  
and that said proof will be made before the Prob-  
ate Judge of Ford County, Kansas, at his of-  
fice in Dodge City, Kansas, on February 7th,  
1890, viz:  
Thomas G. Brannaman, of Dodge City, Kan-  
sas, for the northwest quarter of section No.  
14, township No. 25 south, range No. 24 west,  
Ford County, Kansas. Final Homestead.  
He names the following witnesses to prove his  
continuous residence upon, and cultivation  
of said land, viz: Niles Wiseman, B.  
Shemella, H. J. Coy, Michael Riney, all of  
Dodge City, Kansas, and D. M. Frost, Register.  
7-12  
First Publication, Dec. 11, 1889.

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

U. S. Land Office at Garden City, Kas.,  
November 21st, 1889.  
Notice is hereby given that the follow-  
ing named settler, who made declaratory state-  
ment No. 1250, has filed notice of his inten-  
tion to make final proof in support of his  
claim, and that said proof will be made be-  
fore the Probate Judge of Ford County, Kan-  
sas, at his office in Dodge City, Kansas, on  
January 20th, 1890, viz:  
Edward Merkes, of Wilburn, Kansas, for the  
northwest quarter of section No. 21, town-  
ship No. 28 south, range No. 26 west, Ford  
County, Kansas. He names the following wit-  
nesses to prove his continuous residence  
upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Mar-  
tin Stroh, Andrew Reinher, Joe Korman, all  
of Wilburn, Kansas, and Wm. Hickman, of  
Dodge City, Kansas.  
D. M. FROST, Register.  
(First Publication November 27th, 1889.)

In District Court, Ford County, Kansas,  
twenty-seventh Judicial District.  
In the matter of the assignment of Abram  
G. Landis, for the benefit of his credi-  
tors.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.  
Notice is hereby given that the assignee,  
of the estate of the said Abram G. Landis,  
James S. Evans, will between the hours of  
nine o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m.  
on Tuesday and Wednesday, February  
18th, A. D. 1890, attend at the court room  
in the court house in Dodge City, in said  
county of Ford and state of Kansas, and  
will then and there proceed to publicly  
adjust and allow all claim against the said  
estate of the said Abram G. Landis, as  
assignor as required by law.  
Dated this 12th day of October, 1889.  
J. S. EVANS,  
Assignee of the estate of Abram G.  
Landis.  
3m

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

U. S. Land Office at Garden City, Kas.,  
November 21st, 1889.  
Notice is hereby given that the follow-  
ing named settler, who made Homestead Entry  
No. 1250, has filed notice of his intention  
to make final proof in support of his claim,  
and that said proof will be made before the Prob-  
ate Judge of Ford County, Kansas, at his of-  
fice in Dodge City, Kansas, on January 20th,  
1890, viz:  
George L. Warren, final homestead, for the  
south half north quarter and south half  
northwest quarter section 3, township 26 south  
range 26 west. He names the following wit-  
nesses to prove his continuous residence  
upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Oster  
M. McDonald, Alexander Alter, John Musse-  
man, John Ulom, all of Dodge City, Kan-  
sas, and D. D. FROST, Register.  
5-10  
(First Publication November 27th, 1889.)

**PUBLICATION NOTICE.**  
In the District Court within and for the coun-  
ty of Ford in the State of Kansas.  
Noah Hardy and A. M. McClenahan, part-  
ners as Hardy & McClenahan, Plaintiffs,  
vs.  
Delbert Sprague and Jones T. Wilson, De-  
fendants.

The State of Kansas to Delbert Sprague and  
Jones T. Wilson:  
You are notified that the said Hardy & Mc-  
Clenahan, plaintiffs, did, on the 8th day of  
December, 1889, file their petition in the dis-  
trict court within and for the county of Ford  
in the state of Kansas, against the said Del-  
bert Sprague and Jones T. Wilson, defend-  
ants, and that the said petition contains a  
copy of the same, and that the said petition  
is filed as aforesaid, on or before the 20th day  
of January, 1890, or said petition will be  
taken as true and a judgment rendered there-  
on at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum  
from the 1st day of December, 1889, against  
said defendants, for the foreclosure of a cer-  
tain mortgage upon the following described real  
estate, to-wit: the northwest quarter of  
section two (2), township twenty-nine (29)  
range twenty-three (23) west of the 6th P. M.  
lying and situated in the county of  
Ford, in the state of Kansas, and that the  
said plaintiffs have the first lien on said  
premises, to the amount for which judgment  
will be taken as aforesaid, and ordering said  
premises to be sold without appraisal, and  
the proceeds applied to the payment of the  
amount due plaintiffs and costs of suit,  
and forever bearing the same, and that the  
said defendants, and each of them, and from all  
right, title, estate, interest, property, and  
equity of redemption, in or to said premises,  
or any part thereof. Witness my hand and  
seal of said court which I have affixed hereto  
at my office in said county this 17th day of  
December, 1889.  
THOS. LAHEY, Clerk.  
[SEAL.]  
8-10 First Publication, Dec. 18th, 1889.

**PUBLICATION SUMMONS.**  
The State of Kansas to Adolph Louis, Gesel-  
in Louis and David Marowitz, greeting:  
You are hereby notified that you have been  
sued by The Pioneer Loan and Trust Com-  
pany in the district court of Kansas, in and  
for Ford County, and that unless you answer  
or otherwise plead to the petition filed in  
said court by said The Pioneer Loan and  
Trust Company as plaintiff, on or before the  
22d day of January, 1890, said petition will  
be taken as true and a judgment rendered  
thereon accordingly, foreclosing a mortgage  
executed and delivered by said Adolph Louis  
and Gesel-in Louis, husband and wife, to The  
Pioneer Loan and Trust Company of Dodge  
City, Kansas, dated March 1st, 1887, on the  
following described real property, in Ford  
County, Kansas, to-wit: the southeast quarter  
of section eleven (11) in township twenty-  
nine (29) south, of range twenty-three (23)  
west of the 6th principal meridian, and for the  
sale of said real property, without appraisal,  
to pay the debt, to-wit: a promissory  
note dated March 1st, 1887, for \$120, secured by  
said mortgage, with interest thereon, and  
declaring the lien of said David Marowitz  
junior and inferior to plaintiffs, and barring  
said David Marowitz from all claim on said  
premises. Witness my hand and seal of said  
court, which I have affixed at my office in  
said county, this 9th day of December, 1889.  
[SEAL.] THOS. LAHEY, Clerk Dist. Court.  
FINLAY & MILTON, Attys. for Plffs.  
7-9  
First Publication, Dec. 11th, 1889.

**PUBLICATION SUMMONS.**  
The State of Kansas to John R. Pearson and  
Nettie Pearson, greeting:  
You are hereby notified that you have been  
sued by The Pioneer Loan and Trust Com-  
pany in the district court of Kansas, in and  
for the county of Ford, and that unless you  
answer or otherwise plead to the petition  
filed in said court by said The Pioneer Loan  
and Trust Company as plaintiff, on or before  
the 22d day of January, 1890, said petition  
will be taken as true and a judgment rendered  
thereon accordingly, foreclosing a mortgage  
executed and delivered by you to The  
Pioneer Loan and Trust Company, dated  
June 1st, 1887, on the following described  
property in Ford County, Kansas, to-wit:  
lots one (1), and two (2) and the east one-  
half of the northwest quarter of section  
thirty-one (31) in township twenty-nine (29)  
south, of range twenty-five west of the 6th  
principal meridian, and for the sale of  
said real property, without appraisal, to  
pay the debt, to-wit: four promissory  
notes for \$24.00 each, secured by said mor-  
gage, with interest thereon, and declaring  
the lien of said John R. Pearson and Net-  
tie Pearson, and barring said John R. Pear-  
son and Nettie Pearson from all claim on  
said premises. Witness my hand and seal of  
said court, which I have affixed at my office  
in said county, this 9th day of December,  
1889.  
[SEAL.] THOS. LAHEY, Clerk Dist. Court.  
FINLAY & MILTON, Attys. for Plffs.  
7-9  
First Publication, Dec. 11th, 1889.

**NOTICE.**  
Notice is hereby given that we, the under-  
signed commissioners, thereto duly ap-  
pointed by the Honorable A. J. Abbott, judge  
of the district court of Ford County, Kan-  
sas, will on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1890,  
proceed to lay off, according to law, for the  
Chicago, Kansas & Nebraska Railway Com-  
pany, along the line of its route as now lo-  
cated through the county of Ford all the lands  
necessary for the route for said railroad  
through and over the following described  
tracts of land situated in said county, to-wit:  
lot number three (3), in the northwest quar-  
ter of section thirty-five (35), township 29  
south, range 26 west, of the 6th principal  
meridian; lots number three, thirty-four (34),  
thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-eight,  
thirty-nine, forty, forty-one, forty-two, forty-  
three, forty-four (34), in said Evans' addi-  
tion to the city of Dodge City, on said day  
of January, 1890, said petition will be taken  
as true and a judgment rendered against you  
accordingly, for forty-eight and fifteen cen-  
t hundredths dollars, together with interest  
thereon at the rate of seven per cent. per an-  
num from the 18th day of January, 1889, with  
costs of suit, and a debt of seventy-five dol-  
lars owing to you by H. J. Pearson in this  
said county, this 17th day of December, 1889.  
[SEAL.] THOS. LAHEY, Clerk Dist. Court.  
FRANK & MCGARRY, Attorneys for Plaintiff.  
8-10  
First Publication Dec. 18th, 1889.

**PUBLICATION SUMMONS.**  
The State of Kansas to Wyeth Hardware and  
Manufacturing Company, greeting:  
You are hereby notified that you have been  
sued by Thomas Lahey, for himself and others,  
in the district court of Kansas, in and for  
the county of Ford, and that unless you an-  
swer or otherwise plead to the petition filed  
in said court by said Thomas Lahey, for him-  
self and others, on or before the 20th day of  
January, 1890, said petition will be taken  
as true and a judgment rendered against you  
accordingly, for forty-eight and fifteen cen-  
t hundredths dollars, together with interest  
thereon at the rate of seven per cent. per an-  
num from the 18th day of January, 1889, with  
costs of suit, and a debt of seventy-five dol-  
lars owing to you by H. J. Pearson in this  
said county, this 17th day of December, 1889.  
[SEAL.] THOS. LAHEY, Clerk Dist. Court.  
FRANK & MCGARRY, Attorneys for Plaintiff.  
8-10  
First Publication Dec. 18th, 1889.

## PLAINS FARMING.

By EDWARD M. SHELTON, Professor of Agri-  
culture and Superintendent of Farm, State  
Agricultural College.

Plants like wheat, rye, and oats, which  
get the benefit of all spring rains without  
risk from the July and August dry  
weather, are much more successfully  
grown than corn, whose period of  
growth extends through the entire grow-  
ing season. The hard "Russian" or  
"Turkey" wheats are much safer than  
the soft varieties. They endure both  
winter freezing and summer droughts  
better than the soft wheats. Very gen-  
eral satisfaction was expressed with the  
quick-maturing flint or Yankee varieties  
of corn. There is no doubt that the cul-  
tivation of these quick-ripening varieties  
is rapidly extending all over Western  
Kansas. Sorghum, in all its varieties,  
is all over Western Kansas, the favorite  
drought-resisting crop. I am satisfied  
that this wonderful plant has never had  
the opportunity given it of doing half  
that it is capable of doing for western  
farmers. Its stalks and blades make the  
best provender, and give a crop two or  
three times as great as that obtained  
from timothy; to say nothing of sugar  
it furnishes, an easily obtained and val-  
uable sweetening, and the seeds of many  
of its varieties like the Kafir corn, milo  
maize, etc., furnish a grain equal in yield  
to Indian corn, and superior to it for  
many uses to which corn is put. While  
reckoned justly to be pre-eminently the  
crop for dry regions, the experience of  
the past year has demonstrated that it  
cannot survive a July and August drouth.  
A midsummer drouth of four to six  
weeks, even when attended by hot winds,  
will not ordinarily overcome the extraor-  
dinary vitality of the sorghum plant. If  
it is followed by sufficient rains in Au-  
gust and early September; but where dry  
weather is succeeded by the failure of the  
"latter rains," the sorghum and every  
other late maturing crop must perish.

Rice corn, one of the numerous vari-  
eties of sorghum, has been grown in  
Western Kansas for twelve or more  
years, but it is not a favorite crop. It  
yields lightly in grain, it furnishes but  
little forage, and that of an inferior qual-  
ity, and it is almost constantly infested  
by insect vermin. Kafir corn and milo  
maize, on the other hand, although a re-  
cent introduction, have given great sat-  
isfaction in every case of their cultiva-  
tion reported to me. Besides having ex-  
traordinary ability to resist drouth, they  
yield heavily of superior grain. Even  
upon the poorest lands, the stalks and  
blades give a large amount of excellent  
forage, and they are almost entirely ex-  
empt from insect attacks. These vari-  
eties of the sorghum plant have furnished  
support for millions of people during  
countless ages in the arid and semi-arid  
regions of Asia and Africa, and they may  
be made in like manner serviceable to  
the American plains farmer. Broom corn  
is likely also to prove very often a pro-  
fitable crop in western, as it has long been  
in central, counties of the State. Doubt-  
less there are many other crops well  
suited to the peculiar soil and climate of  
Western Kansas, which will be brought  
to light, as valuable crops usually are,  
by the experience of the farmers of that  
region; but I have already indicated a  
number sufficient to satisfy the varying  
needs of soils on the one hand, and of  
the farmers cultivating them on the  
other. The present promising condition  
of the State Forestry Station at Ogallah  
and Dodge City, and the Government  
Grass Station at Garden City, makes it  
well nigh certain that these stations will  
in their specialties contribute greatly to  
the future growth and development of  
Western Kansas.

The truth is, the number of plants cul-  
tivated in a given locality, however pro-  
ductive, is extremely limited. The  
staple crops of the richest agricultural  
sections in the Union may in most cases  
be numbered on the fingers of one hand.

WE HAVE already seen that Western  
Kansas differs from the eastern portion  
of the State in well nigh all essential ag-  
ricultural conditions. In elevation,  
character of soil, rain-fall, and natural  
products, there is between two sides, or  
rather ends, of the State, not merely a  
difference, but a radical and fundamen-  
tal divergence. And these differences  
will be in the future essentially what they  
have been in the past. Of course, sea-  
sons will vary here as elsewhere. Occa-  
sionally as in 1890, 1874, 1881 and 1887,  
the plains climate will be carried east of  
the Missouri river or beyond, and again,  
not unfrequently, the humidity of the  
eastern section will pervade the whole  
State, and the region westward even to  
the mountains; but this fact will remain:  
that the climate of any section in  
the State has been in the past twenty-  
five years that it will be during the next  
quarter century. I speak with a fair  
knowledge of the literature of this subject  
and a considerable acquaintance with the  
agricultural history of our State, and I  
have no hesitation in saying that there is  
no warrant in history or local experience  
for the well nigh universal belief that  
"deep plowing," "foresting," "turning  
under the buffalo grass," building "res-  
ervoirs," will each or all ever change the

agricultural conditions which the settler  
of any section finds when he begins these  
and other improvements. The common  
notion that a change of climate will  
come as a result of growing more trees  
and cultivated plants seems to me wholly  
due to false logic; vegetation is due to  
climate, and not climate to vegetation.

The very first thing that the farmer of  
Western Kansas must learn is to take  
that region, not for what he hopes or  
dreams it will be, but for what it is. We  
may not, like the evolutionist, ask and  
obtain cycles of time in which to demon-  
strate a theory. He has at his command  
at most a few years; and even if it were  
true that the cultivation of the soil may  
materially effect climate, it is most un-  
likely that this change would be notice-  
able and in the course of one brief life-  
time. The settler must then give prac-  
tical recognition to the fact that the cli-  
mate as well as the soil of Western Kan-  
sas, whether better or worse than that of  
further east, radically differs from that  
of the east. As a result, whatever efforts  
men may make to the contrary, there will  
ultimately certainly obtain a different  
system of agriculture in Western Kansas  
from that practiced in the east. What  
this system will be, must, in so far as de-  
tails are concerned, be largely a matter  
of speculation; the general plan, how-  
ever, seems to have been plainly indica-  
ted by the experience of the past few  
years.

Stock-raising must be the basis of  
plains farming. Even if grain crops for  
immediate marketing could be safely  
counted on, it is doubtful whether, con-  
sidering the remoteness of this section  
from ultimate markets, and the high  
price of freights, whether the business  
can be made a paying one. Moreover,  
the farmers who have made stock farm-  
ing their chief reliance have generally  
been successful. The men who have  
been compelled to leave western Kansas  
have almost to a man been exclusive  
grain raisers. The stockmen have stay-  
ed; and, as a rule, they have flourished.

The eastern idea that a farm of 160  
acres is sufficient for the maintenance of  
a family must upon the plains be aban-  
doned. Where outside pasturage is not  
accessible, the plains farmer ought not  
to limit his operations to a smaller farm  
than 640 acres, and in most cases a thou-  
sand acres will not be too large. Upon  
such large farms, the native grasses, sup-  
plemented with rye and wheat pasturage,  
and sorghum and corn fodder and millet  
hay, will keep a herd of cattle or a flock  
of sheep of sufficient size to make a  
profit from the operations of the farm  
well nigh certain. Upon these farms  
only the best lands should be cultivated.  
The homestead should be located conven-  
iently to this cultivated portion of the farm  
—quite likely in the valley of some water  
course where irrigation upon a small  
scale might be possible. Here should be  
a considerable acreage of such hardy  
crops as sorghum, Kafir corn, and milo  
maize sufficient to supply fodder for the  
neat cattle, with grain for the horses,  
swine and poultry, and for cattle as need-  
ed. Here, too, a considerable acreage  
ought to yearly be sown with rye or  
wheat, or preferable, the two mixed,  
which would ensure valuable pasturage  
many weeks of each year, and often in  
addition a considerable yield of valua-  
ble grain.

Larger experience will suggest to the  
practical man many important additions  
to, and modifications of, this scheme;  
but that the general plan is correct and  
practicable, and indeed the only scheme  
of farming which so far has proved suc-  
cessful in plains farming, I have the as-  
surance of farmers who have not been  
compelled to abandon their claims by  
reason of crop failures.

This plan for the settlement and per-  
manent occupation of Western Kansas  
will not encourage booms and real estate  
speculations. Nor is it likely to bring  
about the rapid settlement of the country,  
but it will do better for the people than  
all of these combined if, as I am con-  
fident will be the case, it enables actual  
farmers to get a real foot-hold in the  
soil.

## NEW GOODS!

## NEW GOODS!

## NEW GOODS!

Daily arriving at the Ten Cent Store.  
Come to my store and I will show you  
the best general stock of goods for the  
LEAST MONEY, to be found in Dodge  
City. Keep an eye open for my holiday  
ad.  
FRED HALLET,  
Bridge Street.

The annual advertisement to the Press  
(New York) will be found elsewhere in  
our columns. We commend the Press  
to the attention of our readers. The pa-  
per is but two years old, but it is so cheap  
so bright, and so earnestly republican  
that it already has a greater circulation  
than any other republican daily paper in  
America, having attained a national rep-  
utation and influence. Republican pat-  
ronage from all over the country is mak-  
ing the Press a great success, and an al-  
ready bright paper is being daily im-  
proved. About the 15th of December the  
Press daily edition will be enlarged to  
six pages.

## CULLINGS.

Concordia Empire: Corn sells for  
fourteen cents, to-day, and hogs for \$3.10  
All the cribs and elevators are full and  
shipping is going on as fast as cars can  
be had.

Atchison Champion: There never was  
a time in the history of Kansas when  
first-class farm lands could be bought so  
advantageously in Northern and North-  
western Kansas—the best portion of the  
state, as at present. To those seeking  
homes and real estate investments this  
favored region offers special inducements.

Meade Globe: There is a measure of  
justice due the people of the various  
townships of Meade county who voted  
bonds in aid of the sugar industry, that  
the managers of the American Sugar  
Company and those connected with them  
should prayerfully consider. If the  
thing is dead, they are entitled to a re-  
turn of the bonds.

Kansas City News: The power of  
mental recuperation of Chicago people  
is something remarkable. Scarcely is  
the prolonged strain of the Cronin trial  
abated when somebody writes to the  
Chicago Herald asking an immediate so-  
lution of the problems, "Who was Cain's  
wife?" and "Did the first egg hatch the  
first hen or did the first hen lay the first  
egg?"

Kansas City Globe: The Yonks' Com-  
panion expresses the opinion that the reason  
why farmers do not raise larger  
crops is because they are not sufficiently  
thorough with their work. As the farm-  
ers of Kansas raised this year 270,000,000  
bushels of corn a great deal of amuse-  
ment may be had by guessing how much  
they would have had if they had been  
"thorough," as the Companion advises.

Atchison Champion: To those recent  
comers to Kansas who all their lives have  
been accustomed to six or seven months  
of hard winter in the New England and  
middle states, long, dreary, desolate pe-  
riods of snow and ice and storms, the  
short, mild winters of the Sunflower  
State—averaging one year with another,  
from two to two and one-half months,  
and at no time the weather as severe as  
in the localities named, are a great  
charm.

Topeka Capital: The outlook for the  
cattle raiser in Kansas never was so  
bright as it is to-day. The cattle-barons  
of the Indian Territory must go. They  
compete with those of Kansas on un-  
equal terms to our disadvantage. The  
beef combine is on its last legs. It also  
must go. The vast number of cattle that  
have been sold at a sacrifice have de-  
pleted the supply. The price must rise.  
If congress will seize the monopolies as  
it now promises to do and break them in  
pieces, the cattle raisers will, in a year or  
two enter a new period of good fortune.  
We hope it will be so.

Meade Globe: Fred, the ten year old  
son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Williams,  
met with a serious and painful accident  
Tuesday. He in company with some  
other boys had an old shot-gun, shell  
fastened to a ball bat and were leading  
it to shoot at birds. In the small hole  
in the end of the shell they inserted a  
fuse and by applying a match thereto  
fired it off. This they had done several  
times, when it seems as though it was  
loaded heavier than usual, for when it  
was discharged it rebounded from its  
fastenings and flying back struck young  
Williams on the corner of the right eye  
with such force as to burst the eyeball,  
totally destroying the sight. Dr. Bitton  
was called and dressed the wounded eye  
and face and hopes for his speedy re-  
covery.

## Peter's Pension Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The pension  
bill introduced by Congressman Peers  
of Kansas reads as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That from and af-  
ter the passage of this act every soldier  
or sailor that was in the United States  
service during the war of the rebellion  
and was honorably discharged from the  
service of the United States and has been  
placed on the pension rolls of the United  
States for the loss of an arm or leg, or  
hand or foot, or has contracted any dis-  
ease, or was wounded in the service or  
in line of duty, shall receive a pension for  
all such wounds or diseases the same as  
though they had not lost an arm or leg  
in the service of the United States; pro-  
vided that such pension shall not be to  
exceed \$75 per month.

## Reduced Rates for the Holidays.

The Santa Fe route will sell tickets  
during the holidays at one fare for the  
round trip, to all points on its lines  
within 200 miles of selling station. Tick-  
ets will be on sale December 24th, 25th  
and 31st, 1889, and January 1st, 1890.  
They will be limited to January 3rd,  
1890, and will be good for passage in  
either direction up to and including that  
date. For tickets and information re-  
garding train service, connections etc.,  
call on FRED GARDNER, Agent,  
Dodge City Station.

Or address, GEO. T. NICHOLSON,  
G. P. & T. A. A. T. & S. F. R. R.  
Topeka, Kansas.